

Idaho World.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 16, 1865.

The mountains—they proclaim
The everlasting snow of glory!
That crowd is written on the untrampled snow,
Thunder'd by torrents which no power can hold,
Save that of God when he sends forth his cold,
And breath'd by winds that through the free heaven blow

THE PIONEER STAGE CO. has purchased the rights, franchises and appurtenances of the California Stage Company on the Dutch Flat route across the Sierra Nevadas. One line of stages is now running.

"DIE VERNON."—We welcome the papers of this correspondent to our columns, and hope to be often favored with the droppings of ink-stand. Whether she writes her story in prose or poetry, her papers are attractive.

We understand that Mr. Gilson, late private Secretary of Governor Smith, has been appointed Territorial Secretary of Idaho, who will serve as acting Governor until the arrival of the Governor.

THE GOVERNORSHIP of Idaho seems to be in some doubt. It is certain that the President appointed General Wallace to supersede Calhoun, but the State Department officials say that the latter will continue in that office.—[Washington Cor. Alta.]

OFF.—A gentleman from Pioneer city says about three hundred men have left that camp within a month,—most of them starting for Blackfoot. A large part of the population not owning claims have gone, and "hands" became so scarce at one time that some of the companies could not obtain men enough to work their claims.

WONDER if the Statesman's Territorial printing has anything to do with its sudden devotion to the Territorial Treasury.—[World.] Yes Sir, it has.—[Statesman.]

We thought so. The Boise county officials are great rascals, because they are not fools enough to put the money where the Statesman man can "gobble it up." "That is what's the matter." Shoddy patriotism!

NEW DITCH AT PIONEER.—A new ditch about ten miles in length, conveying the water of Grimes' Creek on what is known as the Muddy District, is being dug by Messrs. Wilson, Moore & Co. It takes water from Grimes' Creek about six miles above the present ditch. The district referred to prospects very rich, and better times are anticipated next season than the present. The new ditch will be completed this fall.

MR. A. BURN, the widely-known editor and politician of Oregon, called upon us this week. Hon. G. W. Nesmith, Senator from Oregon, who is on his way to Washington also arrived in town. They have been inspecting some of the mills and ledges during the week, and will arrive again to-day. Mr. Nesmith is one of the hard working members of the U. S. Senate, and his acquaintance with the wants of the people of this coast, combined with his familiarity with public men, matters and policies at Washington, entitle his opinion and ideas to respect. If he can be prevailed upon to furnish some of them to the citizens here in an address, he can have a large audience.

DECIDED.—Many of our readers from Nevada have good cause to remember the existence of a clause in one of the statutes of that Territory passed in 1862, authorizing County Surveyors to run out the boundary lines of claimants to public lands in that Territory, which survey being filed with the Recorder, was conclusive evidence of claim and possession for one year without any further work. Under this statute all the valuable farming and timber lands were immediately "gobbled up" by speculators. No limit was fixed to the dimensions of these claims, and many square miles of the country were frequently claimed and held in this way by one individual. The validity of these claims recently came up before the Supreme Court of that State. The law has been decided valid, and the claims good.

FROM PRICKLY PEAR.—A letter from Mr. J. Donaldson to a friend here under date of Helena, Aug. 5, says: "This is a good country but I would not advise you to come here. We have been idle ever since we came here, and will be, I think, until we are able to get away. I shall be in Walla Walla within a month. I would leave to-morrow if I could. There are quite a number of Boise men getting in here. I don't think they will like the country, but as I said in my last, the country is better than the people. I saw Wm. Wallace, John Keenan, and some others, pass through this place a few days ago for Blackfoot. Most all the other side fellows" as Idaho men and Californians are styled are in Blackfoot. They have gotten together there to keep the V. C.'s from hanging them; for those "States fellows" are down on us, and think "the other side fellows" are terrific. Helena is nearly as large as Walla Walla. A great crowd are here, and some appear to have money but they are not a class of men that spend much of it.

Crushing the President.

A cotemporary does not like some remarks of ours in reference to Congressional vagabonds perambulating the country from the East, merely for the purpose of peddling little second-rate, second-hand speeches, and getting their names into the newspapers. That paper thinks their "connection" with "the government" should exempt them from all criticism. Mr. Ashley is one of these divine humanities, whose name should not be written or spoken without first taking off the writer's shoes and stockings. He may be a very fine man in his way; but his "connection" with "the government" is a subject which the Statesman had better say very little about. It isn't a very flattering "connection." He was very recently one of the members of Congress who went into a secret caucus to determine what should be done with President Johnson if he did not speedily change his political course. When Mr. Ashley came out of the meeting he had the "patriotism" (we believe that is the present name of it) to threaten the President with a summary "crushing" if he did not allow the negroes to do the principal portion of the voting "down South." Now if opposition to the President's policy is treason, as we have been told for several years, will some one please define the nature of the "connection" between the author of the following and Andy Johnson.

Mr. Ashley said:
"I merely said to him (President Johnson) that the Anti-Slavery party had destroyed the old Whig and Democratic parties—that the wrecks of these parties were now scattered and strewn along the political coast—AND THAT WE INTEND, under God, TO CRUSH ANY PARTY OR ANY MAN who stood up against the universal enfranchisement of the country."
His connection with the government is very much like that of Jeff. Davis.

THE KILLING OF PINKHAM.—It will be recollected (says the Gold Hill News) that some time since we published in the News the murder of Sumner Pinkham, by Ferd. Patterson, which occurred at Idaho City last month. We read some letters last evening, from Idaho City, under date of Aug. 24, addressed to James J. Gore, of Virginia, from John H. Cassidy, formerly a well-known citizen of Downsville, Cal. From these letters, we learn that the killing of Pinkham was the most cold-blooded murder that has ever been perpetrated—the only cause for his assassination was the simple fact that he was a native of Maine, and a fearless, outspoken Union man and Abolitionist. Brave as a lion, he gave the ruffian Patterson a fight after being twice wounded, but the odds were too heavy and poor Pinkham fell, shot through the heart. The entire officials of that county are secessionists of the most damnable stamp, and at the last election carried the county their own way, and having the reins of administrative justice in their own fingers, do as they please; consequently Patterson had a slight examination before some Spanish villain and was discharged. It is a sweet old place, and only needs the presence of a few of the chivalry of this country to make it the most damnable spot in the world. But a day of reckoning is coming, and these foul traitors of Idaho will grace the lower end of a piece of rope.

We could hardly believe on reading the above extract that Mr. Cassidy could have been the author; an impression confirmed by his card which we publish to-day. The News is widely known among newspaper men as a sheet entitled to no credence whatever in any matter concerning a political opponent. As an infamous and unscrupulous manufacturer of slander, and as a natural liar the editor of that paper has but one equal on the coast. The cowardly manner in which he attempts to make Mr. Cassidy responsible for his own falsifications is shown in the foregoing paragraph. It is only a solitary illustration of the style in which he pursues his daily occupation.

For the benefit of those journals who have copied the article we will say that the only statement which is true in the entire paragraph, is that Mr. Pinkham was killed. Every line excepting that bare statement is false. The "Secesh villain" referred to is Hon. Milton Kelly, District Judge of the Third District, and an appointee of the present Administration. That it was a cold-blooded murder is denied by the Grand Jury, who gave the matter a thorough investigation, and ignored the bill against Patterson; a Grand Jury regularly drawn from the citizens of this country, from the names deposited in the jury box in June, weeks before Pinkham was in the Territory, and long before Patterson was in the county; a Grand Jury principally composed of Pinkham's political and personal friends. Being "a native of the State of Maine," "a Union man and an Abolitionist," had as much to do with the affray as any knowledge of the facts had to do with the editor of the News. The difficulty between them was from an old enmity, arising from a private and strictly personal difficulty nearly two years ago. Each party went prepared for the other, ever since they were separated in a collision some months ago. Both expected a conflict and when they accidentally met they fought it out. There was nothing in this collision to distinguish this unfortunate meeting from those street affrays common in every new-settled community, except that both parties were generally well known to the public, and had many warm friends. As for this being "a sweet old place," and "a most damnable spot" the News is equally mistaken. The "most damnable spot" on earth would be one inhabited by a few of that class of men of which the News editor is a type. We have known of more assassinations and crimes of every degree committed in one month, within a mile of the News office, than has been committed in Idaho Territory in the past year.

The California Stage Company has reduced the fare from Portland to Sacramento to \$50—many prefer the stage to the steamer.

BOISE CITY CORRESPONDENCE.

BOISE CITY, Sept. 4th, 1865.
EDITOR WORLD:—Reynolds' thumb paper feels very sore over the defeat of its editor, and of the dark lantern, shoddy-party. The thumb paper feels that its chances for the public printing is gone, though Reynolds boasts that "the governor will appoint him, and if the Legislature does not confirm the appointment, it will have to go without having any printing done." We shall see if the people will submit to be dictated to by the satraps of any Administration. Idaho is unmistakably Democratic. The Legislature is the representative of the people. The Legislature has the power to elect its own officers and the public printer is as much an officer of the people as Sergeant-at-Arms, or Clerk, or Doorkeeper. The appointees of the Washington Government are here to administer the laws of the Territory—to conform to the expressed will of its people—not to dictate to them, or to their representatives in the Legislature. If they do otherwise—if they attempt to dictate to the Legislature, or to the people—to force a Republican organ upon the public treasury of Democratic people—let their dictation be met with an indignant rebuke.

About this man Reynolds I desire to say a few words as I think he is not generally known in Idaho. He is a hatchet-faced creature whose soul and intellect are as narrow as his look is mean and contemptible. He is thoroughly despised, and with just reasons, even by "Union men" in every community wherever he is known. At the Dalles he is said to have followed the congenial occupation of a spy and informer for the Federal Government. He is known at the Dalles by the sobriquet of "Reynolds the spy and informer." His paternal ancestor is said to have been the Reynolds, of whom we read in "Madden's United Irishman" who "betrayed unto death" the two brothers, John and Henry Shear, Bond, and Lord Edward Fitzgerald. These men were implicated in the Irish rebellion of 1798. Reynolds wormed himself into their confidence. He frequented the house of Bond and the Shearers—dined with them—and even took their innocent children upon his knees and kissed and caressed them! He afterwards put the rope around the necks of the fathers of these children!—John Phelpsot Curran, describing this Reynolds, says of him:
"He was a man who measured his value by the coffins of his victims, and, in the field of evidence, appreciated his fame as the Indian warrior does in fight, by the number of scalps with which he can swell his victory."

Madden says this Reynolds came to America, and settled in Pennsylvania. The Boise City Reynolds, betrays all the mark of having descended from the Irish spy and informer. "Blood will tell." And the congeniality with which the Reynolds here takes to the occupation of spy and informer, as well as the natural innate business of the man, betrays his origin. A man who will greenback his brother, and starve his wife to death, who makes his first raise out of the "secret service money" of Mr. Lincoln's Administration, is just fit to be a leader of, and to give ideas to, the shoddy party of Idaho Territory.

Proceedings of the District Court.

We are indebted to the courtesy of Mr. H. E. Prickett, Deputy District Clerk, for the following minutes of the proceedings of the District Court to the close of the term:

FRIDAY, Sept. 8.—H. Lavanchy vs. Friend & Lacy. Action dismissed by p.l.f. at his own costs.

J. Doling vs. G. R. Woods—same proceedings.

Hiram W. Boyce vs. A. Coffman et al.—action for forcible entry and unlawful detainer—appeal from Justice Court—p.l.f. nonsuited. Judgment for debt with costs.

SATURDAY, Sept. 9.—Driscoll vs. Hyde et al. Motion by defendants to set aside verdict and for judgment in favor of p.l.f. and costs—motion granted—judgment for p.l.f.s.

Bradley vs. Anderson & Bowen—cause continued to next term of court.

The People vs. D. S. Lusk. At chambers. Debt filed petition for habeas corpus—writ issued, and upon return of Sheriff and evidence deft. discharged from custody.

MONDAY, Sept. 11.—Elias Brown vs. O. L. Whiting et al. Action for debt—jury waived and case tried by the court. Judgment for p.l.f. The Territory vs. Slocum, Co. Treasurer. On affidavit of p.l.f.'s counsel citation was issued to show cause why he should not be fined for contempt for disregarding mandate.

J. A. Biddison vs. Louis Bergeois et al. Motion made upon statement for new trial—motion denied—defts gave notice of appeal.

Gatiff vs. Cropper. Action for debt. Judgment against deft by default.

Weaver & Bro. vs. Ingerson & Miller. On motion and affidavit of p.l.f. change of venue ordered to Alturas county.

Chas. Monell vs. Carter & Silver—jury waived and cause tried by the Court and taken under advisement.

TUESDAY, Sept. 12.—Philip Wasserman et al. vs. Strauss & Rosenthal. Default of defts entered and judgment for p.l.f.s \$1350.63 and costs.

W. C. Welch vs. Samuel Laurin—appointment of attorney to defend case, deft being absent from Territory—Jonas W. Brown appointed.

Howard, Govey & Co. vs. Wheelock & Co. Default of defts entered and judgment for p.l.f.s \$1,686.38 and costs.

On examination L. O. Benedict was admitted to practice as an attorney at law.

Chas. Monell vs. Carter & Silver—judgment and decree of Court entered in favor of the creditors of Monell—partnership dissolved—referee appointed, to ascertain liabilities unpaid, to take possession of the property, sell the same and return proceeds into the Court.

Erastus Rathman vs. Henry Allen and R. S. Dow. Jury waived and trial by the Court. Deft Allen dismissed and judgment against Dow for \$283.62 and costs.

Peter Pence vs. H. Elkins. Jury waived and trial by the Court—judgment for p.l.f. for \$675 and costs.

Fred Dadhaff vs. H. McKinnie—cause dismissed by plaintiff at his own costs.

B. M. Anderson vs. G. W. Cropper—cause continued to next term.

Shepherd vs. Young—cause continued to next term.

Goodrich vs. Lester—demurred overruled. Welch vs. Laurin—cause tried by the Court—judgment for p.l.f.

Hunt vs. Carter et al. J. W. Brown appointed commissioner to examine debtors of defts on oath touching said indebtedness.

WEDNESDAY, Sept. 14.—The People vs. Jas. Harding. On motion of Dis. Att'y a nolle prosequi entered and prisoner discharged.

Patrick Donegan vs. N. Cook—judgment for plaintiff by stipulation.

G. W. Craft et al. vs. Wilson Greek et al. Report of J. B. Roseborough, referee, confirmed.

W. K. Leonard vs. C. S. Kingsley—judgment for p.l.f. by agreement for \$1,257.28 and costs.

H. Swanholm vs. Smith & Sterns—appeal from Justice's judgment—appeal dismissed.

Thatcher et al. vs. Gay et al. Motion by p.l.f. for injunction—cause heard upon affidavits—motion dismissed. Restraining order heretofore issued dissolved.

John Cassidy et al. vs. Jas. Gleason et al. On motion of p.l.f., report of commissioner was confirmed. Judgment and decree granted directing the sale of property owned by p.l.f. and defendant jointly be sold and proceeds distributed.

J. J. Dooley vs. J. A. Knowles—plaintiff moved for an order requiring the Sheriff to put him in possession of mining ground sold on execution and bought by plaintiff. Taken under advisement.

The People vs. John Ferrill, charged with homicide at Boise city—District Att'y moved for continuance—motion denied. Dis. Att'y then moved for change of venue to Ada Co.—denied. Dis. Att'y then stated that he was unable to produce any testimony against defendant, and moved the Court for leave to enter a nolle prosequi—leave granted and prisoner discharged.

J. S. Butler et al. vs. Stonerod et al. Plaintiff moved to dissolve injunction heretofore granted—motion denied.

Geo. Ansline vs. Ford et al. Plaintiff moved to reinstate cause on docket—hearing of motion continued to next term.

Court appointed J. K. Shafer, J. B. Roseborough, E. McGraw a committee to draft and report rules of practice for the government of this Court.

The People vs. John Williams alias John Burke. An order was heretofore made requiring Dis. Att'y to show cause on this day why said deft should not be discharged, and no sufficient cause being shown, prisoner was discharged.

Court adjourned until the October term.

A Card.

My attention having been called to an article, cut from some California paper, I would in justice to the officers of Boise county, as well as myself, make the following statement:

About the time of the killing of S. Pinkham, I received a letter from J. J. Gore of Virginia City, Nev., the answer to which is the only letter ever written to him by myself, the same being strictly confidential and of a business nature.

In mentioning of the shooting affair I gave him a brief account of the evidence, as elicited before the coroner's jury, all of which I learned from a member of the legal profession, and on whose statements I placed implicit confidence. Any conclusions that he or other parties may have derived from the contents of my letter, I have nothing to do with.

In conclusion, I would say that I have been connected, on this coast for many years, in bringing criminals to justice, and have never known a more efficient body of officers than those connected with the present Sheriff's office of Boise county.

That portion of the article referring to the political character of the officers of Boise and editor's comment on same all originated from some other source than from my letter.

JOHN H. CASSIDY.

Idaho city, Sept. 15, 1865.

The following from the Dalles Mountaineer will show how a story can grow as its travels

GREAT EXCITEMENT AT IDAHO CITY.—From a private letter we learn that great excitement prevailed at Idaho City, on the 27th ult: A vigilance committee had been formed for the purpose of hanging Ferd. Patterson and others confined in the county jail. Another party had armed for the purpose of maintaining order. Three thousand citizens were under arms, and a collision was momentarily expected.

THE DISTRICT COURT adjourned on Wednesday. The Judge and a portion of the bar immediately started for Rocky Bar at which place the September term of the Court commences next week.

Messrs. Shafer, Roseborough, Ganahl, Preston and Merritt are among the attorneys who have taken their departure with law books and fishing tackle—to hook a client or a trout as the case may be.

Mrs. SERRATT.—The New York Tribune's letter has the following damaging testimony against the Secretary of War, in the case of Mrs. Surratt:

One of the prominent counsel engaged on the conspiracy trial, asserts, positively that spiritual attendants were denied admission to Mrs. Surratt on the day of the execution until Secretary Stanton had received from them a promise that they would not on the scaffold proclaim their belief in her innocence.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of an execution issued out of the Probate Court in and for the county of Boise Idaho Territory, upon a judgment rendered therein on the 24th day of August, A. D. 1865, in favor of Higby & Butler and against T. J. Quimby for the sum of three hundred and ten (\$310.00) dollars, and fifty nine dollars and thirty cents (\$369.30) costs of suit, I did on the 24 day of September, A. D. 1865, levy upon the following described property to-wit: The undivided one fourth of that certain ditch or water race constructed from West creek and extends a distance of about eight miles to Placer mining district, in Boise County, and conveys the waters of said creek to the mining ground in and around said district, and is known as Hart & Callaway's ditch, together with all the privileges and appurtenances thereto belonging or in any wise appertaining. And notice is hereby given that I will on the 10th day of October, A. D. 1865, at the place at the lower extremity of said premises, on California Hill, about three fourths of a mile from Placerville, sell at public auction the above described property to the highest bidder for cash to satisfy said execution and all accruing costs. Dated Sept. 11, 1865.

JAS. I. CRUTCHER, Sheriff.

[47w3.] By WM. MALONEY, Deputy.

MARRIED:

At Idaho City, September 15th, by Rev. A. Z. Poulis, Mr. HENRY BENNETT and Miss MARY J. DENN, all of Idaho City.
At Placerville, September 14th, by Dr. Overmeyer, J. E., at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. FANNY FAIRCHILD and Miss T. WALLS, all of Placerville.
At Pine Grove, September 9th, 1865, by Walter Burns, Esq., Mr. JACOB GARRETT to Miss CATHERINE LONG.

New this Week.

BARNUM'S CONFECTIONERY & RESTAURANT!

MAIN ST., IDAHO CITY.
OPPOSITE TAYLOR & OWENS' SALOON.
Every description of
FANCY CONFECTIONERY
on hand and prepared to order. The proprietor intends to make this a
First Class Restaurant.
The Table will be constantly supplied with every luxury of the season.
Come fresh from the hills every day.
Idaho city, Sept. 12, 1865. [47w]

MONTANA HOUSE.
Main-St., between Commercial & Wallula,
IDAHO CITY.
DUREIN & BRO., PROPRIETORS.
Sept. 16, 1865. [47w]

STEVENS & SMITH!
PINE GROVE.
OFFER FOR SALE A LARGE AND CHOICE assortment of
Clothing, Provisions, Dry Goods, LIQUORS,
Mining Tools & General Merchandise,
At very Low Rates.
The BUILDING now occupied by the store will also be sold on very reasonable terms.
The public are invited to examine the store and its contents. n47w4*

Elk Horn Gold and Silver Mining Company.
PIONEER DISTRICT, BOISE COUNTY, IDAHO TERRITORY.

NOTICE.
THERE ARE DELINQUENT UPON THE following described Stock on account of Assessment No. 5, levied August 21st, 1865, the several amounts set opposite the names of the respective shareholders:

NAMES.	NO. CT'S.	NO. SH'S.	AM'TS.
Daniel Roth.....	18, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24,	450	\$150 00
	25, 26, 27,		
James Welch.....	97,	100	\$100 00
Alfred Metcalf.....	42, 43, 44,	337	\$337 00
H. H. Hubbard.....	105,	50	\$50 00
S. Anderson.....	99,	37	\$37 00
H. H. Elsworth.....	31, 93,	165	\$165 00
R. W. Butten.....	26,	50	\$50 00
L. H. Spall.....	105,	50	\$50 00
J. H. Vreeland.....	62,	62	\$62 00
Stahl & Nolan.....	102,	25	\$25 00
Geo. H. White.....	80,	50	\$50 00
John Poole.....	101,	100	\$100 00
J. W. Freeman.....	111, 112, 113,	354	\$354 00
E. W. Tracy.....	83, 85,	25	\$25 00
T. Wygant.....	82,	15	\$15 00
Mary G. Elsworth.....	92,	10	\$10 00
O. F. Hawley.....	55, 78,	100	\$100 00

And in accordance with law and an order of the Board of Directors made the 21st day of August, 1865, so many shares of each parcel of said Stock as may be necessary, will be sold at public auction, in front of the Company's Office, on Main street, Pioneer City, I. T., on the 23d day of September, 1865, between the hours of one and six o'clock, P. M. of said day, to pay said Delinquent Assessments thereon, together with costs of advertising and expense of sale.

W. W. CHAPMAN, Jr., Secretary.

Office with Wells, Fargo & Co. [n47w1]

Dissolution Notice.

THE co-partnership heretofore existing between G. H. Chick and Chas. B. Cushing, under the firm name of G. H. Chick & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Amos Chick is authorized to collect all debts due the late firm and to pay all liabilities.

G. H. CHICK.

Idaho City, Sept. 12, 1865. CHAS. B. CUSHING.

The business will be continued at the old stand, on Main street by Amos Chick, who will pay all liabilities and collect all debts due the late firm.

Idaho City, Sept. 12th 65 AMOS CHICK.

Dissolution Notice.

THE co-partnership heretofore existing between J. A. Abbott, Wm. M. Abbott and B. T. Davis, under the name of Abbott & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Mr. B. T. Davis withdrawing from the firm.

J. A. and Wm. M. Abbott, who will continue the business at the old stand under the firm of Abbott & Bro. will pay all liabilities, and to them, alone all debts due the late firm must be paid.

J. A. ABBOTT.

W. M. ABBOTT.

B. T. DAVIS.

Pine Grove, Sept. 9, 1865.

Dissolution Notice.

THE co-partnership heretofore existing between, the undersigned under the name and style of Beckwith & Bose in the market business at the "Yreka Market" on Buena Vista Bar, in Boise county, I. T., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to said firm will pay the same to Peter C. Beckwith who will continue the business and pay all demands against said firm.

PETER C. BECKWITH.

GEORGE BOSE.

Idaho City September 15th, 1865. [47w3]

Summons.

Territory of Idaho, County of Boise—ss.
In the District Court, for the Territory of Idaho, Second Judicial District.
Geo. Sweetser vs. John Christie.
To F. HOUSTON and M. LEVY (returned "not found"):

IN THE NAME OF THE PEOPLE OF THE United States in the Territory of Idaho: You are hereby notified, that there is now on file in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of the Second Judicial District of said Territory, in Idaho City, county of Boise, the complaint of Geo. Sweetser, praying the foreclosure of a certain mortgage, dated January 11th, 1865, executed by said defendants, John Christie, F. Houston and J. F. Quisenberry, to said plaintiff, on two water ditches in said Boise county; one known as the "Big Ditch" on the north side of Moore's Creek, the other on the south side of said creek, and both taking water from said creek, to secure the payment of \$4,000 00 in U. S. gold coin, and that unless you appear and answer to said complaint within forty days after the 21st day of October, A. D. 1865, (exclusive of said last mentioned day) default will be entered against you, and said plaintiff will apply to said Court for the relief demanded in his said complaint.

In testimony whereof, I, Wm. B. Daniels, Clerk of said District Court, have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of said Court at Idaho City this 14th day of September, A. D. 1865.

WM. B. DANIELS, Clk of Dist. Court.
By H. E. PRICKETT, Deputy Cl. rk.
GILBERT & HENLEY Attorneys for plaintiff.
September 16, 1865 [47w5]